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(54) **FIXED FULL COVERAGE WASH SYSTEM  
FOR DISHWASHERS**

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CPC ..... **A47L 15/16** (2013.01); **A47L 15/4221**  
(2013.01); **A47L 15/4282** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**  
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See application file for complete search history.

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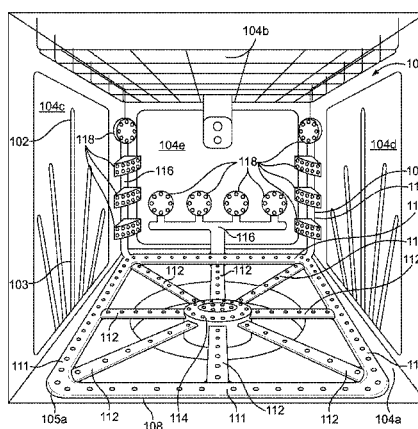
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A fixed full coverage wash system that includes a base portion having a generally square or rectangular shaped outer portion that extends into one or more corners of a tub of a dishwasher. The base portion is operably connected to the plurality of arms for the delivery of a pressurized liquid. The base portion may include a plurality of tube segments that are not in fluid communication with at least a portion of the other tube segments. Such an arrangement may be used in connection with a rotor that controls the release, or timing, of pressurized liquid through sprayers in the tube segments. According to certain embodiments, the movement and/or position of the rotor may be controllable, such as, for example, through the use of a controller and motor that allows for the control of the location and/or concentration of where the pressurized liquid is sprayed.

**20 Claims, 7 Drawing Sheets**



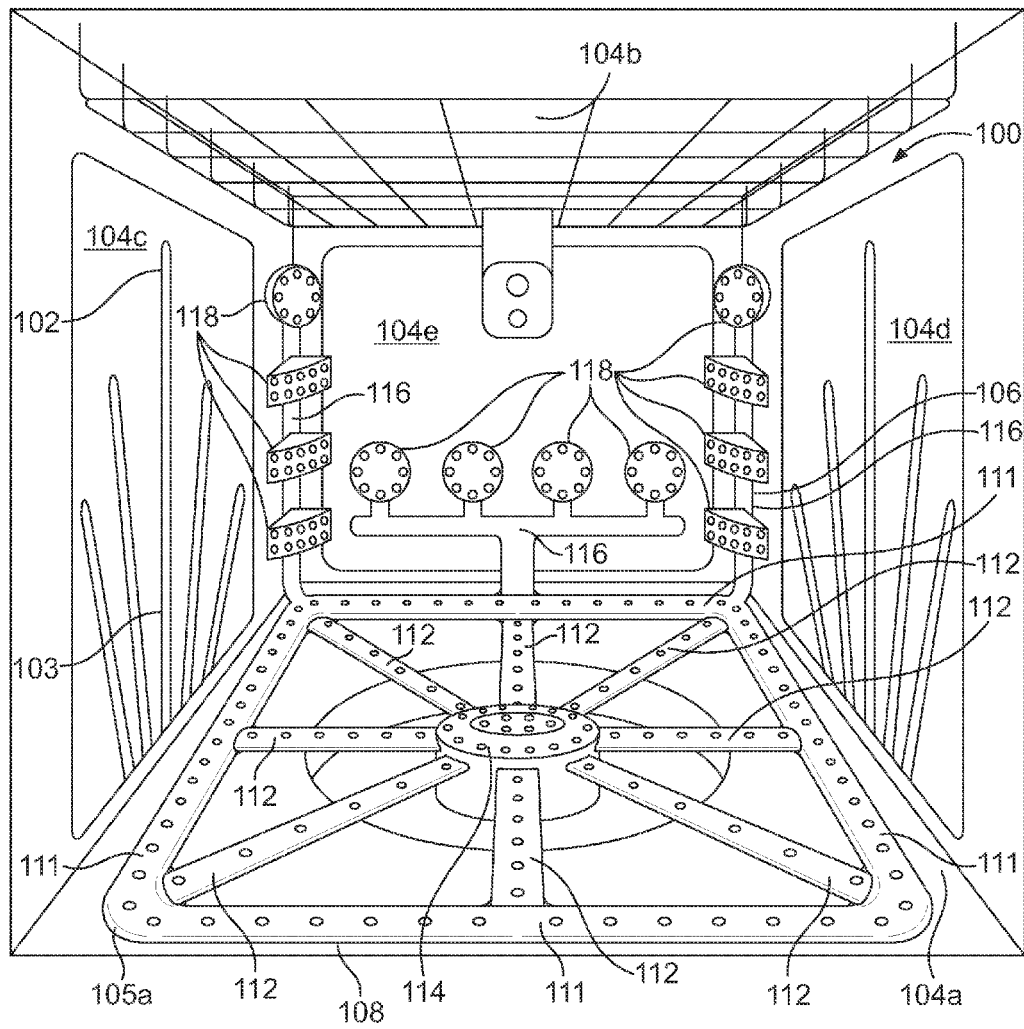


FIG. 1

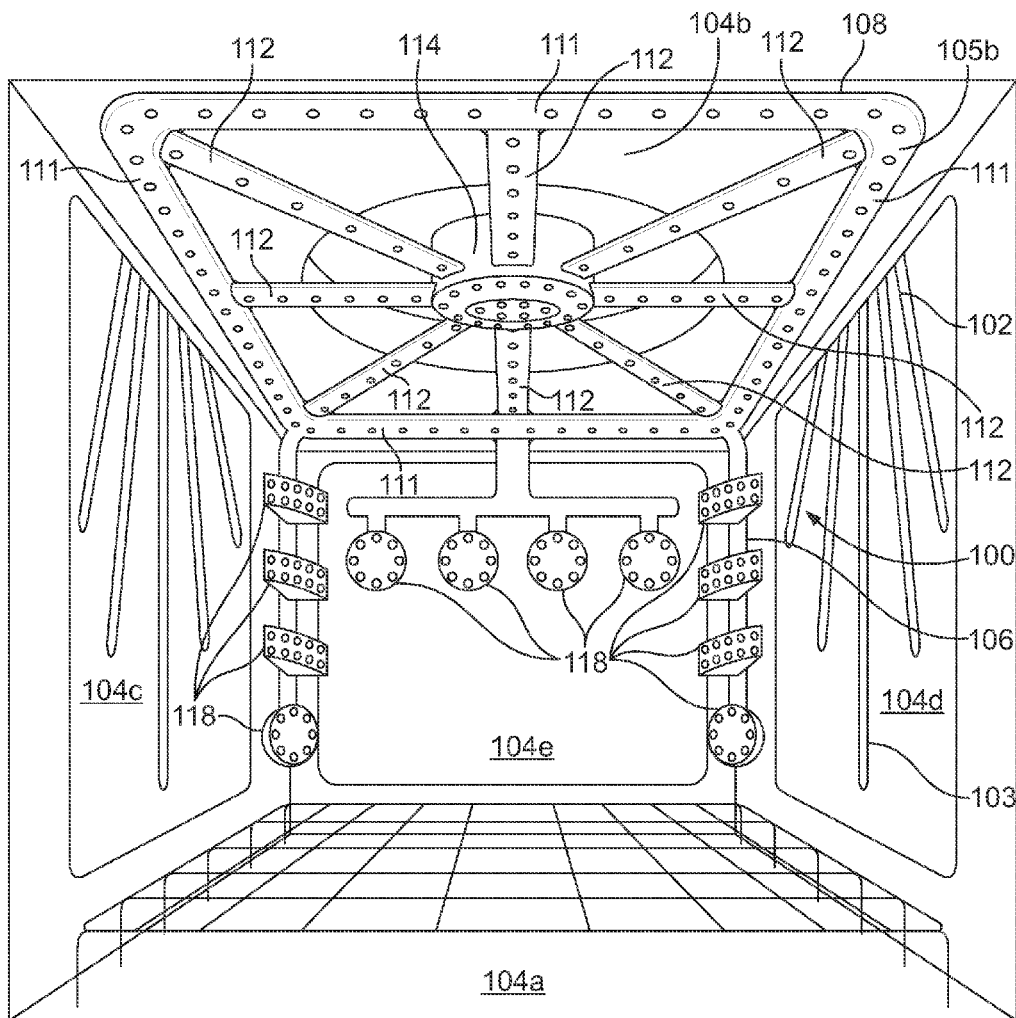


FIG. 2

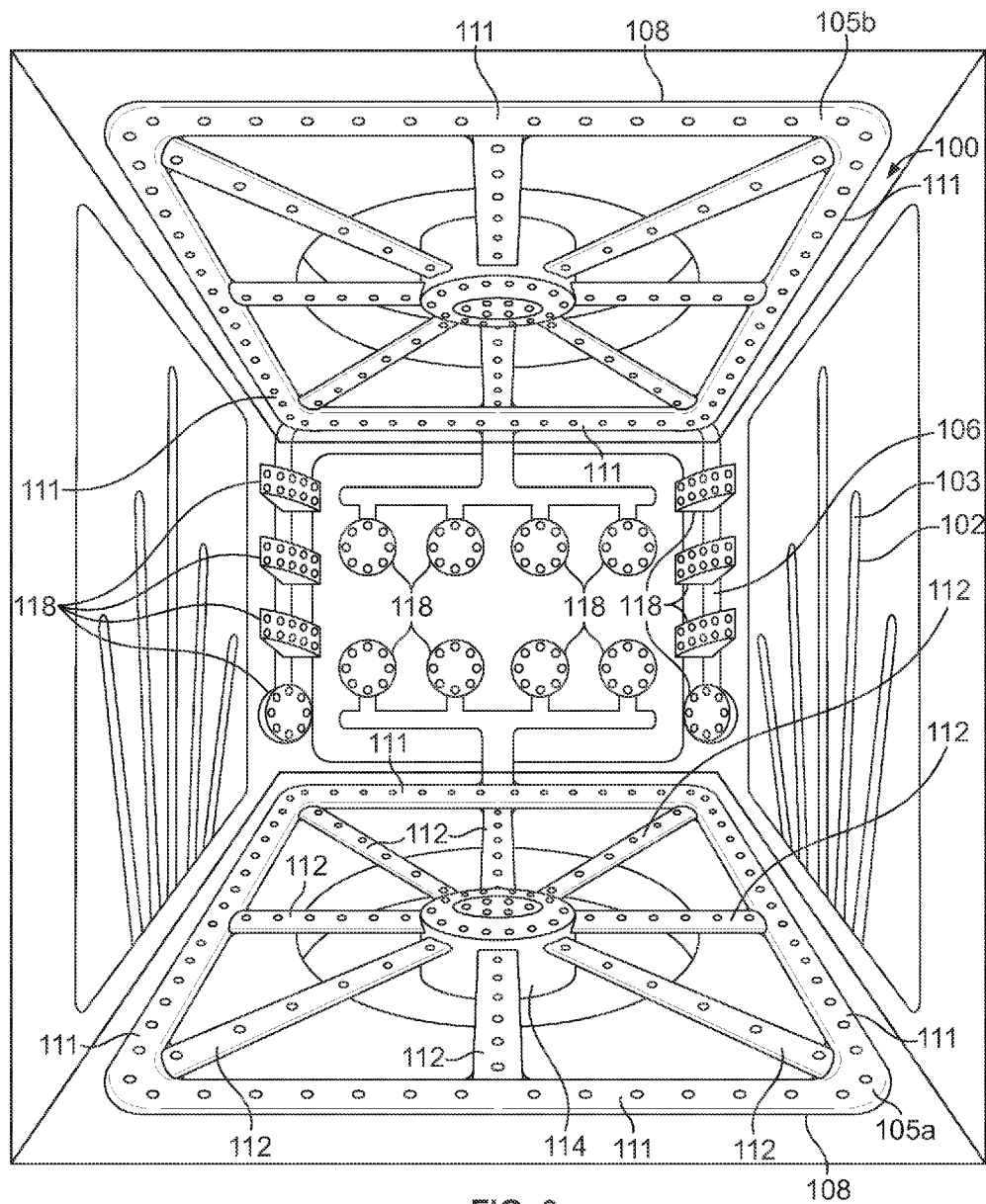


FIG. 3

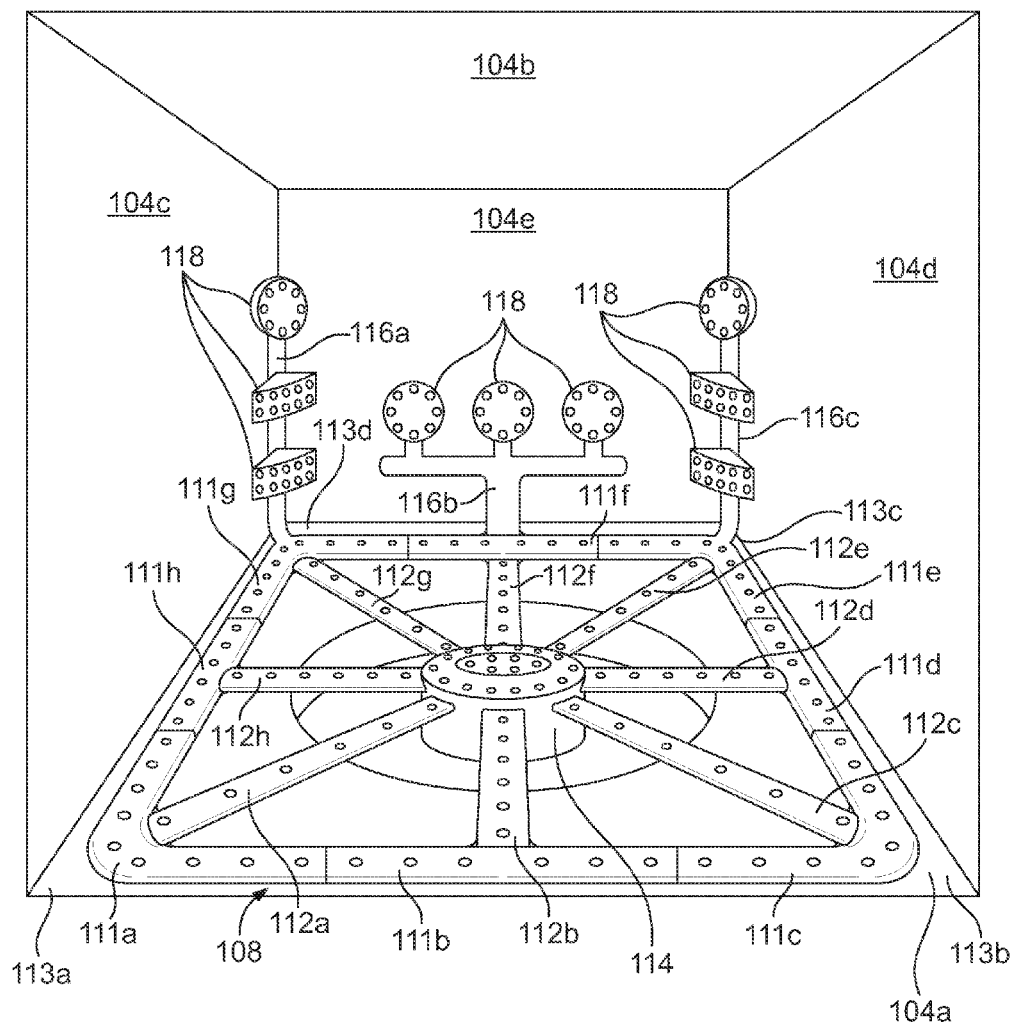


FIG. 4

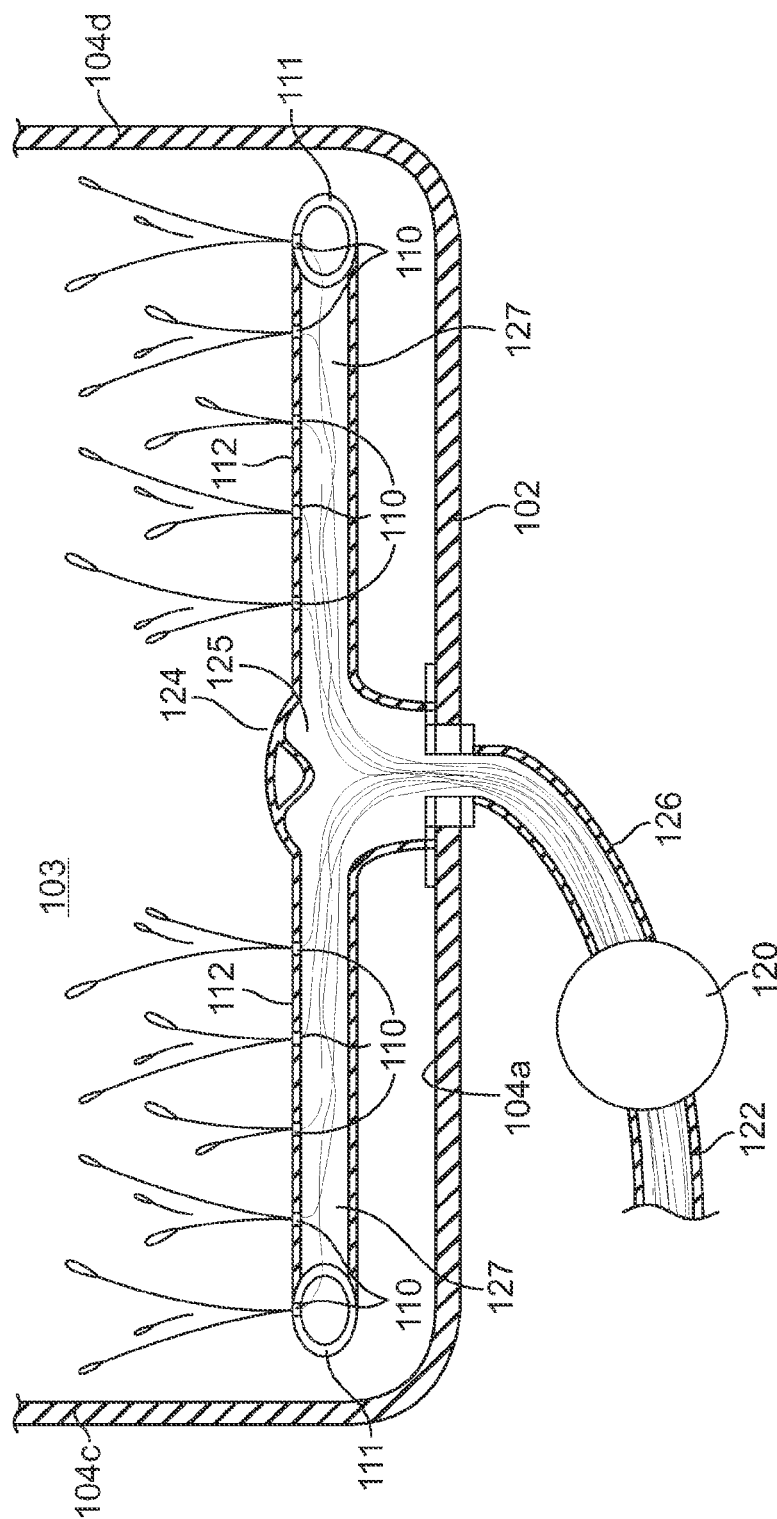


FIG. 5

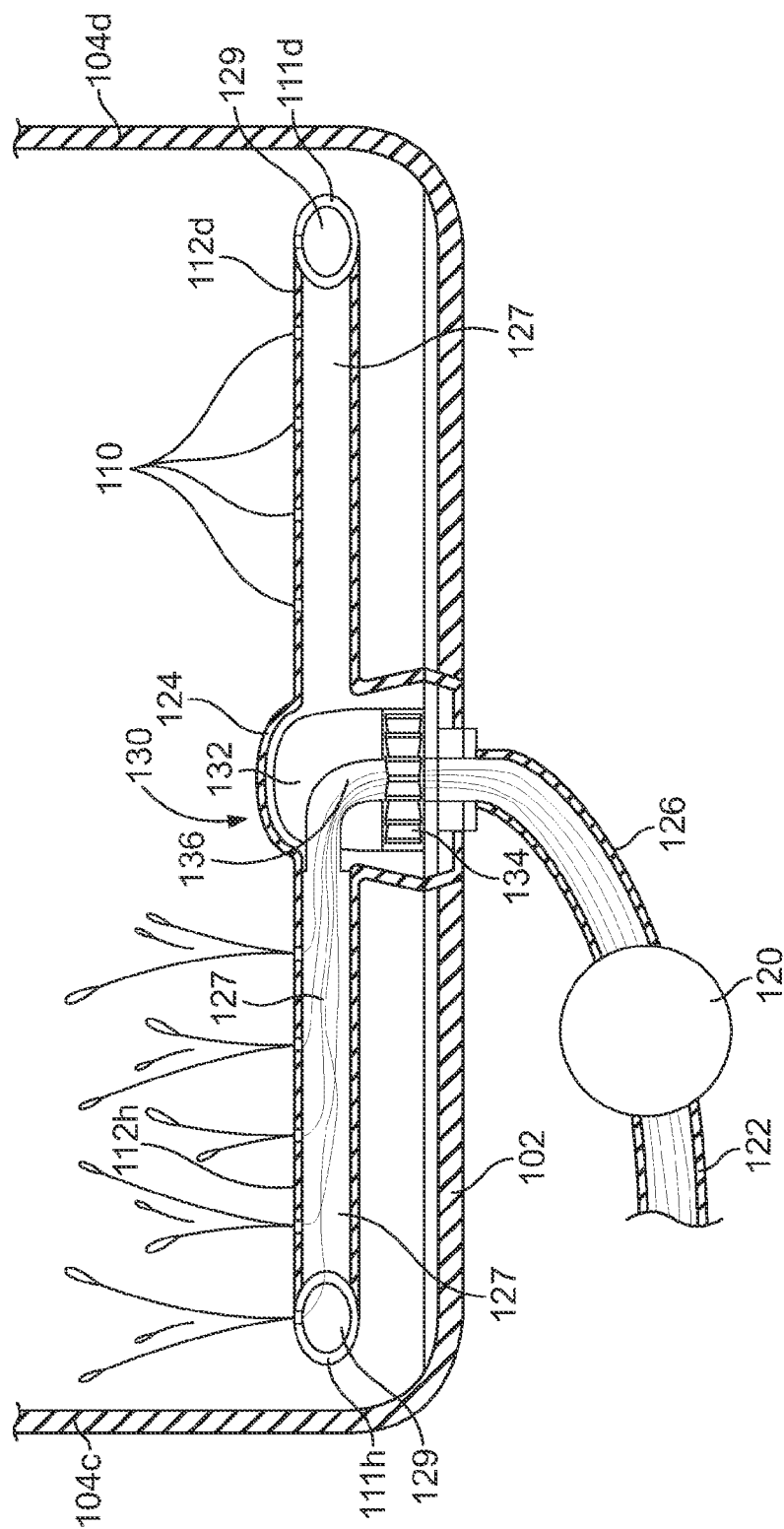
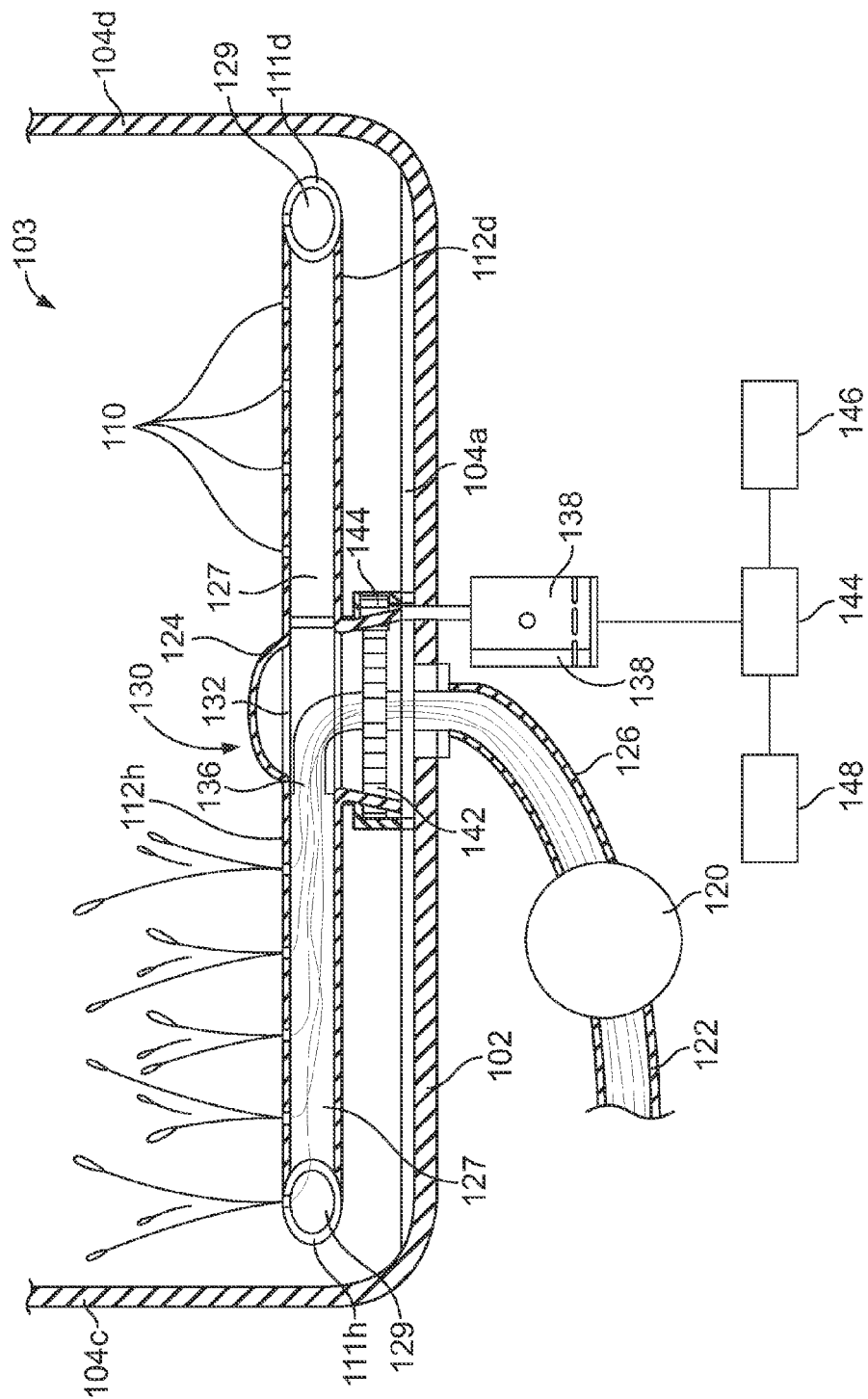


FIG. 6



**Fig. 7**

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## FIXED FULL COVERAGE WASH SYSTEM FOR DISHWASHERS

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The internal tubs of dishwashers typically have a generally rectangular or square shape. For example, the width of the opening of the tub, where dishes may enter and be removed from the tub through the use of a dishwasher tray, may have the same or different size than the length of the tub from the front to the back of the tub. Further, the front portion and rear sidewall of the tub may be generally perpendicular to the other sidewalls of the tub. However, despite these generally rectangular or square configurations, wash systems typically spray water inside the tub in a circular pattern.

For example, typical dishwasher systems have a rotating spray arm that is propelled by water pressure. When dishes and utensils are being washed in the tub, water pressure propels the spray arm in a circular pattern to spray water and detergent onto as many surfaces of the dishes and utensils as possible. However, as the spray arm moves in a circular pattern, the water delivered by the spray typically cannot reach the corners of the tub, or does not reach the corners, or corner areas, in desired quantities and/or regularity. Thus, dishes placed in the far corners of the tub may receive a smaller amount of water and/or detergent exposure, and therefore may not be washed as well or as thoroughly as dishes and utensils in other areas of the tub that are more adjacent to the spray arm.

Further, as a moving part, the tub should be designed to utilize at least a portion of the space in the tub to accommodate the rotational movement of the spray arm. Moreover, in order for the spray arm to operate, dishes and/or other items in the tub must not be in a position that may interfere with the movement of the spray arm. Thus, the need to dedicate at least a portion of the space in the tub to the movement of the spray arm may reduce the space available for cleaning dishes or other items. Further, such reduction in space may require that taller dishware and other similar tall items be oriented differently in the dishwasher, such as being laid to a side, which may result that dishware occupying additional space in the dishwasher tray so as to reduce the number of other items that may be loaded in the dishwasher tray. Yet, a reduction in the number of items that may be placed in the dishwasher tray may increase overall water and energy usage, as smaller loads of dishes and items being washed may result in an increase in the frequency that the dishwasher is operated.

### BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Certain embodiments of the present technology provide a fixed full coverage wash system for spraying a pressurized liquid into an interior portion of a tub of a dishwasher, the tub having one or more corner areas. The system includes a base portion having a plurality of arms and an outer portion. The plurality of arms are configured to deliver the pressurized liquid to the outer portion. The outer portion has a generally square or rectangular shape that extends into approximately one or more corners of the tub. Further, the base portion includes a plurality of sprayers that are configured to spray into the tub at least a portion of the pressurized liquid received from the plurality of arms. At least a portion of the sprayers are configured to spray the pressurized liquid into the one or more corner areas of the tub. Further, according to certain embodiments, the system may also include a rotor,

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which may be controllable, to control the delivery of pressurized liquid to the plurality of arms and/or the outer portion.

Additionally, certain embodiments of the present technology provide a fixed full coverage wash system for spraying a pressurized liquid into an interior portion of a tub of a dishwasher, the tub having one or more corner areas. The system includes a plurality of arms having an interior passage. The system also includes a plurality of tube segments, each having an inner passage that is not in fluid communication with the inner passage of at least one other of the plurality of tube segments. Further, at least a portion of the plurality of tube segments are configured to extend approximately into a corner of the tub. The plurality of tube segments also include a plurality of sprayers that are in fluid communication with the inner passage. At least a portion of the plurality of sprayers are configured to spray the pressurized liquid into one or more corner areas of the tub.

Certain embodiments of the present technology also provide a fixed full coverage wash system for spraying a pressurized liquid into at least one or more corner areas of an interior portion of a tub of a dishwasher. The system includes a plurality of arms, each of the plurality of arms having an interior passage and a plurality of sprayers. The plurality of sprayers of the arms are in fluid communication with the interior passage and are configured to spray the pressurized liquid into the tub. The system also includes a plurality of tube segments, each having an inner passage that is not in fluid communication with the inner passage of at least one other of the plurality of tube segments. The inner passage of each of the plurality of tube segments is in fluid communication with at least one, but not all, of the interior passages of the plurality of arms. At least a portion of the plurality of tube segments are configured to extend approximately into a corner of the tub. The plurality of tube segments also include a plurality of sprayers that are in fluid communication with the inner passage. At least a portion of the plurality of sprayers of the plurality of tube segments are configured to spray the pressurized liquid into one or more corner areas of the interior portion of the tub. The system also includes a side portion that is configured to receive a pressurized fluid that is delivered by one or more of the plurality of arms. The side portion is also configured to extend along at least a portion of at least one sidewall of the tube. Further, the side portion includes a plurality of sprayers that are configured to spray the pressurized liquid into the interior portion of the tub.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 illustrates a fixed full coverage wash system having a lower base portion that is positioned along a bottom wall of a tub according to certain embodiments of the present invention.

FIG. 2 illustrates a fixed full coverage wash system having an upper base portion that is positioned along an upper wall of a tub according to certain embodiments of the present invention.

FIG. 3 illustrates a fixed full coverage wash system having both an upper base portion and a lower base portion according to certain embodiments of the present invention.

FIG. 4 illustrates fixed full coverage wash system having a lower base portion that is positioned along a bottom wall of a tub according to certain embodiments of the present invention.

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FIG. 5 illustrates the delivery and disbursement of pressurized liquid into the arms of a fixed full coverage wash system according to certain embodiments of the present invention.

FIG. 6 illustrates the use of a rotor to control the delivery of pressurized liquid into the arms and tube segments of a fixed full coverage wash system according to certain embodiments of the present invention.

FIG. 7 illustrates a controllable rotor to control the delivery of pressurized liquid into the arms and tube segments of a fixed full coverage wash system according to certain embodiments of the present invention.

The foregoing summary, as well as the following detailed description of certain embodiments, will be better understood when read in conjunction with the appended drawings. For the purpose of illustrating the invention, there is shown in the drawings, certain embodiments. It should be understood, however, that the present invention is not limited to the arrangements and instrumentalities shown in the attached drawings.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention will now be described more fully with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which several embodiments are shown. This invention may, however, be embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to the embodiments set forth here. Rather, these certain embodiments are examples of the invention, which has the full scope indicated by the language of the claims. Like numbers refer to like elements throughout.

FIG. 1 illustrates a fixed full coverage wash system 100 according to certain embodiments of the present invention. The fixed full coverage wash system 100 is configured to provide a spray system that may be used to spray a liquid, such as, for example, water, detergent, and water containing detergent, among others, onto dishes, utensils, and other items that have been positioned in a tub 102 of a dishwasher. The tub 102 includes an interior portion 103 that may be generally defined by a bottom wall 104a, a top wall 104b, a first sidewall 104c, a second sidewall 104d, and a rear wall 104e. The tub 102 may also include an open sidewall that opposes the rear sidewall 104c and which is used to allow the egress of items into the interior portion 103 of the tub 102, such as, for example, one or more dish trays and/or dishes, among other items. The open sidewall may be closed by a door of the dishwasher.

As shown in FIG. 1, according to certain embodiments, the fixed full coverage wash system 100 may include a lower base portion 105a that is positioned along a bottom wall 104a of the tub 102. Alternatively, referencing FIG. 2, according to certain embodiments, rather than extending along the bottom wall 104a, the fixed full coverage wash system 100 may include an upper base portion 105b that extends along a top wall 104b of the tub 102. Additionally, referencing FIG. 3, according to certain embodiments, the wash system 100 may include both a lower base portion 105a that is positioned along a bottom wall 104a of the tub 102, and an upper base portion 105b that extends along a top wall 104b of the tub 102.

As illustrated in FIGS. 1-3, according to certain embodiments, the fixed full coverage wash system 100 may also include at least one side portion 106 that extends along at least a portion of at least one sidewall of the tub 102, such as, for example the first, second, and/or rear sidewall(s)

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104c, 104d, 104e of the tub 102. As shown, the side portion 106 may have a variety of different shapes and configurations.

As illustrated, according to certain embodiments, the base portion 105a, 105b may have an outer portion 108 that generally conforms to at least to the shape of the perimeter of the walls 104a, 104b about which the base portion 105a, 105b is positioned. For example, referencing FIG. 1, an outer portion 108 of the lower base portion 105a has a generally square or rectangular configuration that generally conforms to the shape of the perimeter of the bottom wall 104a of the tub 102. In such an arrangement, the outer portion 108 may form a square or rectangular spray head. However, the base portion 105 may take a variety of other shapes besides being generally square or rectangular.

Referencing FIGS. 1-3, according to certain embodiments in which the base portion 108 has a generally rectangular or square shape, the outer portion 108 may have one or more tube segments 111 that either individually or with other tube segments 111 form the outer portion 108. Thus, according to certain embodiments, the outer portion 108 may be a continuous tube that forms and/or is shaped to generally have a desired configuration, such as, for example, a rectangular or square shape, or may require a plurality of tube segments 111 to form a desired shape for the outer portion.

According to certain embodiments, each tube segment 111 may extend along at least a portion of at least one wall. For example, as illustrated in FIG. 4, a plurality of tube segments 111d, 111f, and 111h may extend along a portion of the second, rear, and first sidewalls 104d, 104e, 104c, respectively. Additionally, at least some other tube segments may extend along at least a portion of two or more sidewalls, such as, for example, tube segments 111a, 111c, 111e, and 111g extending around one or more corners 113a, 113b, 113c, 113d of the tub 102. While FIG. 4 illustrates the tube segments 111a-h being adjoined in a manner that allows the outer portion 108 to have an enclosed configuration or shape, such as a square or rectangular shape, according to other embodiments, there may be spaces and/or gaps separating at least a portion of the tube segments 111a-h, with the tube segments 111a-h adjacent to the gap or space having a closed end.

According to certain embodiments, the tube segments 111 may be generally hollow such that a liquid may be pumped through an inner passage of the tube segments 111. However, the inner passage of the tube segments 111 may not be in fluid communication with the inner passage of at least one other tube segment 111. For example, referencing FIG. 4, the inner passage of a tube segment 111h along a first sidewall 104c may not be in fluid communication with the opposing tube segment 111d that is positioned along the second sidewall 104d. As discussed below, such lack of fluid communication may, during operation of the associated dishwasher, allow liquid to be sprayed out of some tube segments 111h into the tub 102 while liquid is not being sprayed out of other tube segments 111d. Such an arrangement may be used to time when liquid is, or is not, to be sprayed into the tub 102 by one or more of the various tube segments 111a-h. Further, according to the illustrated embodiment, the outer portion 108 is configured to spray liquid out one or more of the tube segments 111 in an arrangement that allows for the spray of liquid into the corners, or corner areas, of the tub 102.

At least some of, or some portion of, the tube segments 111 may include one or more sprayers 110, through which the liquid is to be sprayed out of the inner passage of the tube segments 111 and into the tub 102, such as, for example,

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sprayed toward a dish tray, dishware, or other items that have been put into the tub **102** to be cleansed. According to certain embodiments, one or more of the sprayers may be orifices that have been positioned in an outer portion of the tube segments **111** to spray a liquid, such as, for example, pressurized liquid, from the inner passage of the tube segment **111** out at desired direction into the interior portion **103** of the tub **102**. According to other embodiments, at least some of the sprayers **110** may be a nozzle that is operably connected to a tube segment **111** and which is in fluid communication with an inner passage of a tube segment **111**. Such embodiments may allow for the base portion **105** and side portion **106** to distribute liquid throughout the interior portion **103** of the tub **102** without the use of moving parts.

At least a portion of the liquid flowing through the tube segments **111** may be released through these sprayers **110**, while the remaining liquid may continue to flow through the tube segment, **111a-h**, or onto other tube segments **111**, before eventually being released from the tube segment **111** through another of the plurality of sprayers **110**. According to certain embodiments, the sprayers **110** may be configured to allow for the release of liquid from the tube segments **111** with sufficient velocity so as to assist in the cleansing of dishes or other items that may be placed in the tub **102**. Moreover, a pump may be employed by the system **100** to elevate the pressure of the liquid to an elevated level that facilitates the release of the liquid through the sprayers **110** at a velocity that facilitates the use of the liquid in cleansing and/or washing items in the tub **102**.

Liquid may be delivered to the tube segments **111** through arms **112** that are operably connected to the pump. According to certain embodiments, one or more of the arms **112** may extend from an inner sprayer head **114**. For example, in the embodiments illustrated in FIGS. 1-4, the arms **112** may extend from the inner sprayer head **114** to tube segments **111** in an arrangement that has an appearance similar to the spokes of a wheel. Additionally, the arms **112** may also include a plurality sprayers **110**, which may also be orifices in the arms **112** or nozzles that are operably connected to the arms **112** that are in fluid communication with a fluid containing interior passage of the arms **112**. According to certain embodiments, the arms **112** may be configured to distribute the delivery of liquid to the first lower base portion **105a**, upper base portion **105b**, and/or the side portion **106**.

According to certain embodiments, as discussed below, the arms **112** may be used in the selective distribution of pumped liquid, at certain times, to at least one or more tube segment(s) **111a-h** that are not in fluid communication with at least one other tube segment **111a-h**. For example, referencing FIG. 4 in which there are an equal number of arms **112** and tube segment **111**, arm **112a** may deliver liquid to tube segment **111a**, arm **112b** may deliver liquid to tube segment **111b**, arm **112c** may deliver liquid to tube segment **111c**, and continue along this pattern through arm **112h** delivering liquid to tube segment **111h**. Thus, in embodiments in which liquid is selectively distributed and tube segments **111** are not in fluid communication with each other, liquid may, for example, be delivered to one or more arms **112c, d, e**, for release from the sprayers **110** of those arms **112c, d, e** and associated tube segments **111c, d, e**, while the supply of liquid into other arms **112a, g, h** may be suspended, thereby preventing or limiting the release of liquid from the sprayers **110** of those arms **112a, g, h** and associated tube segments **112a, g, h**. Such control may allow for the release of liquid from the tube segments **111** to be concentrated in a desired area. Further, the supply of liquid to the tube segments **111** through the arms **112** may be timed

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such that spray patterns may be generated. For example, liquid may be release from one tube segment **111** at a time, sequentially, to create a spray pattern that traverses sequentially across the outer portion **108**.

According to certain embodiments, the fixed full coverage wash system **100** may also include at least one side portion **106** that extends along at least a portion of at least one sidewall of the tub **102**. The side portion **106** may include one or more secondary arms **116** that may have a variety of different configurations. According to certain embodiments, the secondary arms **116** may extend from, and be in fluid communication with, an adjacent portion of a tube segment **111**. For example, referencing FIG. 4, according to such embodiments, the arm **112g** used to deliver liquid to a tube segment **111g** may also be delivering liquid that passes into an interior passage of the associated secondary arm **116a**. The secondary arms **116** may also include orifices that provide sprayers **110** used to spray the liquid used in cleansing items placed in the tub **102**. Further, according to certain embodiments, rather than having a plurality of sprayers **110**, at least a portion of the secondary arms **116** may be operably connected to one or more secondary spray heads **118**. As shown, in such an embodiment, the secondary spray heads **118** may have a variety of different configurations, such as non-round, rectangular, circular, oval, square, and trapezoidal, among others. Additionally, each secondary spray head **118** may have a plurality of sprayers **110** in the same, or in a variety, of different configurations.

The embodiments shown in FIGS. 1-4 provide certain benefits. For example, the relatively square or rectangular shape of the base portion **105** allows the spray system to generally follow the perimeter of the adjacent sidewall, such as, for example, the bottom or top wall **104a, 104b**, so that the base portion **105** may extend into at least some of the corners **113a-d** of the tub **102**. Moreover, by extending into the corners **113a-d**, liquid released through at least some of the sprayers **110** may reach into the farthest corners **113a-d**, or corner areas, of the tub **102** for better liquid coverage, and therefore better cleaning performance. Moreover, such a configuration may translate into the placement of sprayers **110** to cover a relatively larger area for more cleaning ability than traditionally achieved with rotating spray arms. Additionally, according to certain embodiments, the base portion **105** and second portion **106** may not have moving parts, which may prevent service incidents experienced by dishwashers that have rotating arms and the potential for the contents inside the tub **102**, such as dishware, to block the movement of the spray arm, which is detrimental to cleaning performance. Moreover, by not having moving parts like a rotating spray arm, the fixed full coverage wash system **100** may allow for lower clearances between the fixed full coverage wash system **100** and the dish racks, or the items contained therein, such as dishware. This lower clearance may allow for larger loads of dishes to be loaded into the tub **102**, which may create a lower overall liquid and energy usage.

Referencing FIG. 5, the fixed full coverage wash system **100** includes an internal pump **120** in the dishwasher that elevates the pressure of liquid that is delivered to the arms **112**, tube segments **111**, and secondary arms **116**. The pump **120** may receive a liquid, such as water, via a supply line **122**, which may, for example, be operably connected to a water source or associated plumbing. As shown in FIG. 5, according to embodiments, after the pressure of the liquid is elevated by the pump **120**, the liquid may be delivered to an interior portion **125** of a hub **124** via an outlet line **126**. According to certain embodiments, the hub **124** may extend

into interior portion **103** of the tub **102**. According to certain embodiments, the interior portion **125** of the hub **124** may include a diffuser **127** that is used to at least assist in directing and/or deflecting the liquid pumped into the interior portion **125** to the interior passage **127** into one or more arms **112**. As shown, at least a portion of the pressurized liquid may be released from the interior passage **127** of the arm **112** through sprayers **110**, while the remaining liquid is delivered to the inner passage **129** of the tube segments **111**.

FIG. 6 illustrates an embodiment in which a rotating valve **130** is used to alter the delivery of the pressurized liquid into the arms **112**, and associated tube segments **111**. According to such embodiments, at least a portion of the arms **112** and associated tube segments **111** may not be in fluid communication with at least a portion of the other arms **112** and associated tube segments **111**. The rotating valve **130**, which may be housed in the interior portion **125** of the hub **124**, may include a rotor **132** and a rotation mechanism **134**. A variety of different rotation mechanisms **134** may be employed, including, for example, a liquid turbine, liquid jet, or liquid driven mechanically rotated device, among others.

Operation of the rotor **132** may result in the rotational movement of the rotor **132** within the hub **124**. The rotor **132** may include one or more passageways **136** through which the pressurized liquid may flow. The flow of the pressurized liquid may cause at least a portion of the rotation mechanism **134** to rotate or spin, which is translated into rotational movement of the rotor **132**. The liquid then passes into the passageway **136** of the rotor **132**. The outlet of the passageway **136** then delivers the pressurized liquid to an arm **112a-h**. However, which one(s), or when, the arm **112a-h** receives the pressurized liquid may depend on the rotational position of the rotor **132**, and more specifically, which interior passage **127** of the arms **112** is aligned with passageway **136** of the rotor **132**.

For example, as illustrated in FIG. 6, the passageway **136** is shown to as currently being aligned with the interior passage **127** of arm **112h**, which is in fluid communication with tube segment **111h**. Such alignment allows pressurized liquid to be sprayed from the sprayers **110** of arm **111h** and tube segment **111h**. However, as the passageway **136** of the rotor **132** is not aligned with the interior passage **127** of arm **112d**, liquid is not being delivered to arm **112d** or associated tube segment **111d**. Therefore, at the illustrated position of the rotor **132**, liquid is not being released through the sprayers **110** of arm **112d** and tube segment **111d**. However, as the movement of the rotation mechanism **134** results in the rotational movement of the rotor **132**, the passageway **136** may be moved from being aligned with the interior passage **127h** of arm **112h** to being aligned with the interior passage **127** of another arm(s) **112** before eventually being rotated into alignment with the interior passage **127** of arm **112d**. Such rotational movement of the passageway **136** may result in a sequential spray pattern by the system **100**. While FIG. 6 illustrates the rotor **132** as having one passageway **136**, according to certain embodiments, the rotor **132** may include a plurality of passageways **136**.

Which and/or when, a particular arms(s) **112** and/or tube segment(s) **111** receives the pressurized liquid may also be controllable by the user or an electronic controller **144**. For example, referencing FIG. 7, the rotational movement of the rotor **132** may be electronically controlled, such as, for example, by a motor, including a stepper motor **138**, among others. The stepper motor **138** may receive signals from an electronic controller **144** or processor that indicates or reflects which direction the rotor **132** is to move and/or the

desired degree of movement of the rotor **138**. According to certain embodiments, the stepper motor **138** may drive a first gear **140** that mates with a second gear **142** that is on or operably connected to, the rotor **132**. The rotational movement of the first gear **140** may result in the rotational movement of the second gear **142**, and thus the rotational movement of the rotor **132** and associate passageway **136**. However, besides the use of one or more gears **140**, **142**, the rotor **132** may be rotated in a number of different ways, including, for example, through the use of a belt or pulley that is driven by the stepper motor **138**.

The controller **144** used to operate the stepper motor **138** may be operably connected to an input **148** that is operated by a user, such as a control panel or touch screen on the dishwasher. Further, the controller **144** may also be in communication with, or include, a memory **146** that may store various instructions for the operation of the stepper motor **138**, which may provide, for example, various wash patterns, cycles, and/or other programmable features. According to certain embodiments, wash cycles may be pre-programmable and/or allow for customized user-programmable cycles.

By varying and/or controlling the position of the rotor **132**, the performance or characteristics of the liquid sprayed into the tub **102** by the system **100** may be controlled. For example, according to certain embodiments, the spraying of liquid by the arms **112**, **116** and/or tube segments **111** may be cycled between on and off conditions, such that liquid may repeatedly start and stop striking dishware and other items in the tub **102**. Further, such control may allow for variations in the intensity or speed at which liquid is released from the system **100**. Such controllable features may also allow for the system **100** to provide unique programmable wash cycles, such as, for example, the simulation of scrubbing, that may further assisting in removal of soil from the dishware and other items in the tub **102**. Further, the control or variation in location of where the first and/or second portions **105a**, **105b**, **106** spray liquid into the interior portion **103** of the tub **102** may be used to recreate a rotational spray pattern.

The controllable nature of the rotor **132** may also allow the user to select and direct what area of the tub **102** they desire liquid to be directed. This feature may allow the user to do smaller loads if necessary, and to direct and/or concentrate the delivery of liquid from the system **100** to the particular area of the tub **102** in which the items to be washed are located. Such control of the direction, concentration, and/or pattern of liquid being released from the system **100** and into the tub **102** may, at least in some instances, result in less liquid and energy usage, while still maintaining a relatively high level of wash performance.

The invention claimed is:

1. A fixed full coverage wash system for spraying a pressurized liquid into an interior portion of a tub of a dishwasher, the tub having or more corner areas, the system comprising:

a base portion having a plurality of arms and an outer portion, the plurality of arms extending radially from an inner sprayer head and being operably connected to a pump and configured to deliver the pressurized liquid to the outer portion, the outer portion having four sides forming a generally square or rectangular shape that extends into approximately one or more corners of the tub, each of the four sides of the outer portion having a plurality of sprayers configured to spray into the tub at least a portion of the pressurized liquid received from the plurality of arms, at least a portion of the sprayers

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configured to spray the pressurized liquid into the one or more corner areas of the tub.

2. The fixed full coverage wash system of claim 1, wherein the base portion is positioned along a bottom wall of the tub.

3. The fixed full coverage wash system of claim 1, wherein the base portion is positioned along a top wall of the tub.

4. The fixed full coverage wash system of claim 1, wherein the base portion includes a lower base portion that is positioned along a bottom wall of the tub and an upper base portion that is positioned along the top wall of the tub.

5. The fixed full coverage wash system of claim 1, further including a side portion configured to receive a pressurized fluid delivered by one or more of the plurality of arms, the side portion having a secondary arm configured to extend along at least a portion of at least one sidewall of the tub, the side portion including a plurality of sprayers configured to spray the pressurized liquid into the interior portion of the tub.

6. The fixed full coverage wash system of claim 5, wherein the plurality of sprayers of the side portion are positioned on one or more secondary spray heads that extend from the secondary arm.

7. The fixed full coverage wash system of claim 1, wherein the outer portion comprises a plurality of tube segments, at least a portion of the plurality of tube segments not being in fluid communication with others of the plurality of tube segments.

8. The fixed full coverage wash system of claim 7, in which the base portion does not include moveable parts.

9. The fixed full coverage wash system of claim 7, further including a rotor having a passageway configured for the passage of the pressurized fluid, the rotor being configured for rotational movement about a hub, the rotational movement of the rotor configured to alter which of the plurality of arms is in fluid communication with the passageway of the rotor.

10. The fixed full coverage system of claim 9, further including a controller and a motor, the motor being operably connected to the rotor, the controller configured to provide instructions to operate the motor to rotate the rotor.

11. A fixed full coverage wash system for spraying a pressurized liquid into an interior portion of a tub of a dishwasher, the tub having a central interior portion and an outer interior portion having one or more corners, the system comprising:

a plurality of arms operably connected to a pump, each of the plurality of arms having an interior passage, each of the plurality of arms configured to deliver the pressurized liquid from the central interior portion through the interior passage to at least one of a plurality of tube segments at the outer interior portion; and the plurality of tube segments, the plurality of tube segments each having an inner passage that is not in fluid communication with the inner passage of at least one other of the plurality of tube segments, at least a portion of the plurality of tube segments configured to extend approximately into one or more of the corners of the tub, the plurality of tube segments also having a plurality of sprayers in fluid communication with the inner passage, at least a portion of the plurality of sprayers configured to spray the pressurized liquid into one or more corner areas of the tub.

12. The fixed full coverage wash system of claim 11, wherein the plurality of tube segments are joined together to form a generally rectangular or square configuration.

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13. The fixed full coverage wash system of claim 12, further including a side portion configured to receive a pressurized fluid delivered by the one or more of the plurality of arms, the side portion having a secondary arm configured to extend along at least a portion of at least one sidewall of the tub, the side portion including a plurality of sprayers configured to spray the pressurized liquid into the interior portion of the tub.

14. The fixed full coverage wash system of claim 13, wherein the plurality of sprayers of the side portion are positioned on one or more secondary spray heads that extend from the secondary arm.

15. The fixed full coverage wash system of claim 11, further including a rotor having a passageway configured for the passage of the pressurized fluid, the rotor being configured for rotational movement about a hub, the rotational movement of the rotor configured to alter which of the plurality of arms is in fluid communication with the passageway of the rotor.

16. The fixed full coverage system of claim 15, further including a controller and a motor, the motor being operably connected to the rotor, the controller configured to provide instructions to operate the motor to rotate the rotor.

17. A fixed full coverage wash system for spraying a pressurized liquid into at least one or more corner areas of an interior portion of a tub of a dishwasher, the system comprising:

a plurality of arms extending radially from a hub, each of the plurality of arms having an interior passage and a plurality of sprayers, the plurality of sprayers being in fluid communication with the interior passage and configured to spray the pressurized liquid into the interior portion;

a plurality of tube segments, the plurality of tube segments each having an inner passage that is not in fluid communication with the inner passage of at least one other of the plurality of tube segments, the inner passage of each of the plurality of tube segments being in fluid communication with at least one, but not all, of the interior passages of the plurality of arms, at least a portion of the plurality of tube segments configured to extend approximately into a corner of the tub, the plurality of tube segments also including a plurality of sprayers being in fluid communication with the inner passage, at least a portion of the plurality of sprayers of the plurality of tube segments configured to spray the pressurized liquid into one or more corner areas of the interior portion of the tub; and

a side portion configured to receive a pressurized fluid delivered by one or more of the plurality of arms, the side portion configured to extend along at least a portion of at least one sidewall of the tub, the side portion including a plurality of sprayers configured to spray the pressurized liquid into the interior portion of the tub.

18. The fixed full coverage wash system of claim 17, wherein the plurality of tube segments are joined together to form a generally rectangular or square configuration.

19. The fixed full coverage wash system of claim 18, further including a rotor having a passageway configured for the passage of the pressurized fluid, the rotor being configured for rotational movement about the hub, the rotational movement of the rotor configured to alter which of the plurality of arms is in fluid communication with the passageway of the rotor.

20. The fixed full coverage system of claim 19, further including a controller and a motor, the motor being operably

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connected to the rotor, the controller configure to provide instructions to operate the motor to rotate the rotor.

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